MISSOURI 48 HOUR SALESPERSON PRE-LICENSE COURSE

Career

NAVIGATION CONTROLS

In the bottom right hand corner of the screen, there is an icon button that allows you to choose between standard screen, no sidebar screen and full screen view. When the program appears for the first time, it is in standard screen view.

The standard screen view shows the normal screen as well as the thumbnails off to the side.

The no sidebar screen view shows the normal screen a little bit larger but does not have any thumbnails.

The full screen view shows the normal screen in an even larger format.

You can click onto the large icon button to advance forward from screen to screen or use the smaller forward and backward buttons to navigate.

NOTE: In the full screen view, you can only advance forward. If you want to go to a previous screen, you must be in the standard or no sidebar screen view.

COURSE CONTENT

CHAPTER ONE – OWNERSHIP
CHAPTER TWO – FINANCING
CHAPTER THREE – AGENCY
CHAPTER FOUR – REAL ESTATE LAW
CHAPTER FIVE – VALUATION
CHAPTER SIX – MISSOURI STATE LICENSE LAW



QUIZZES

At the end of most sections, there are multiple choice questions which must be completed with 75% accuracy before you can move on in the course.

If you pass, you will be forwarded to the next slide. If you fail, you will be directed back to the beginning of that quiz. If you choose an incorrect answer, you may click onto quiz review for an analysis of the correct and incorrect answers. The quiz review should help you choose the correct answer the next time you take that same quiz.



FINAL EXAM

After you finish the course, there is a 50 question multiple choice final examination which you must pass with a score of 75% or greater to receive Missouri credit.

If you pass final examination #1, you can then print out your certificate and receive credit for the course.

If you fail final examination #1, you then must take final examination #2. If you pass final examination #2, you can then print out your certificate and receive credit for the course. If you fail final examination #2, you cannot receive credit for the course.



FINAL EXAM

The final exam will consist of the following learning objectives:

- 1) Differentiate between different types of ownership of real property
- Explain various ways to finance real estate, including clauses in a mortgage and lender requirements
- 3) Clarify the different agency relationships and how this affects the client and customer
- 4) Discuss the elements of a contract and explain the various contracts used in real estate transactions
- 5) List various methods of valuing real estate and the type of property normally associated with each method
- 6) Explain the various Missouri statutes that govern real estate transactions in Missouri



TAKING COURSE IN MULTIPLE SESSIONS

You can complete part of the course and then come back and finish at a later time. Whenever you log back in on the course, a question appears asking if you would like to continue with the course where you left off. Just answer "yes" and you will be placed where you can continue on right where you finished with the last session.



COURSE TIMEFRAMES

Once you register and pay for the course, you have access to the course for one full calendar year from the date of registration. Once you complete the course, the course certificate is valid for six months. In order to obtain a Missouri salesperson's license, you must pass the test, complete the 24 hour Missouri practice class and apply for license within that six month time frame.

CONTACT US

You may contact us by e-mail at any time. Our e-mail address is:

Instructor@CareerEducationSystems.com

Or call 1-800-748-7715



SPECIAL NOTE: To download and print a manual of the course, please go to:

www.careereducationsystems.com/mosalesperson/manual.asp

If you would like a hardcopy manual to use during the course or just for review, you can print off one chapter at a time or the entire book all at once.





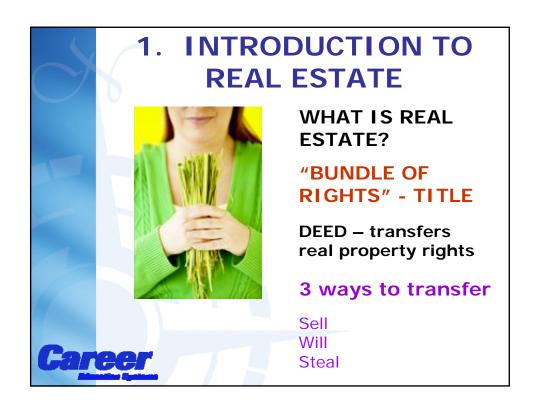


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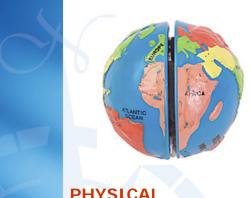
- INTRODUCTION TO REAL ESTATE
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1. LAND

Spot on the earth that goes down to the center and up to infinity

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

- 1) Immovable
- 2) Indestructible
- 3) Unique

ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

- 1) Situs (location)
- 2) Scarcity
- 3) Improvable





2. REAL ESTATE = Land + APPURTENANCES

Appurtenance - right, privilege or improvement permanently attached to the land - RUNS WITH THE LAND

Natural - Trees, streams

Man-made - Houses, buildings

Mineral rights - Pass with sale of land unless otherwise noted

Air rights - Part of real estate

Water rights - Part of real estate



2. PERSONAL PROPERTY WHAT IS PERSONAL PROPERTY? Not "real" property

1. EASILY MOVABLE – Chairs, cameras, etc.



- **2. CHATTEL -** Another word for personal property
- 3. BILL OF SALE Instrument used to transfer personal property





CAN REAL ESTATE EVER BECOME PERSONAL PROPERTY OR PERSONAL PROPERTY EVER BECOME REAL ESTATE?

1. SEVERANCE

Going from real to personal property; e.g., cutting down a tree



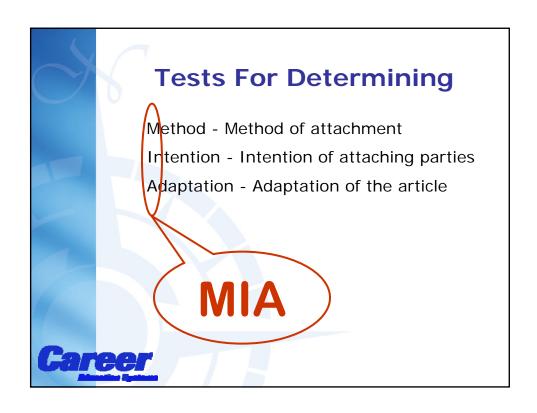


2. FIXTURE = Real Estate

Going from personal to real property; item once personal property but is now attached















WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN GOVERNMENT AND PRIVATE RIGHTS?

GOVERNMENT RIGHTS IN REAL PROPERTY

Government rights for good of community

1. TAXATION

On real property; money for schools, roads, etc.; if not paid, government attaches property



Real Estate Taxes



2. POLICE POWER

Keeping things in order



Zoning

Building Codes



3. EMINENT DOMAIN

The RIGHT of the government to take private property for PUBLIC GOOD

Property owner is paid compensation for the property

Government includes federal, state, local; also schools, railroads, utilities



CONDEMNATION

The PROCESS used to take the property when the government exercises the right of Eminent Domain



4. ESCHEAT

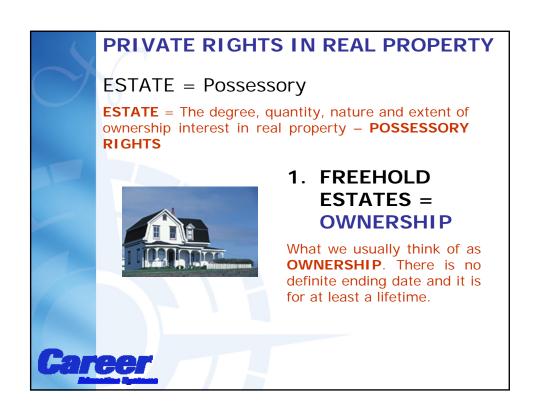
The right of the government to take private property upon:

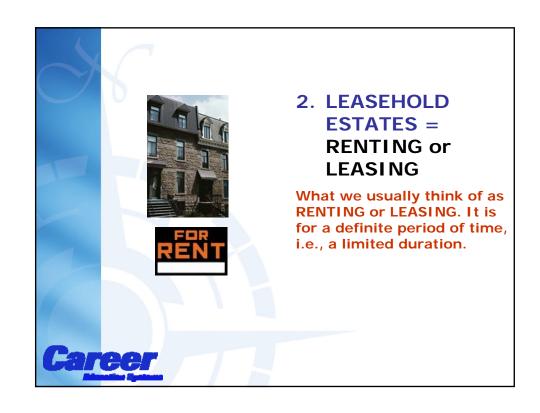
1) Dying Intestate & having no heirs

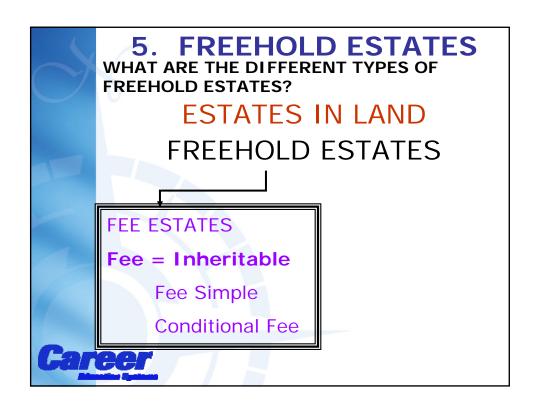


2) Abandonment – Leaving; no paying of taxes



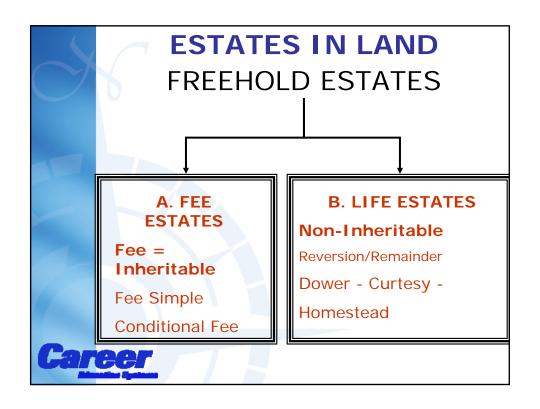


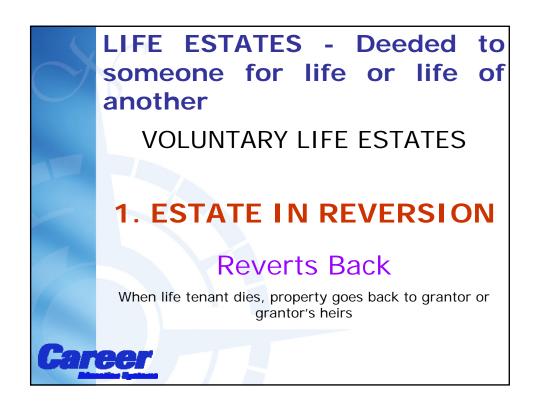


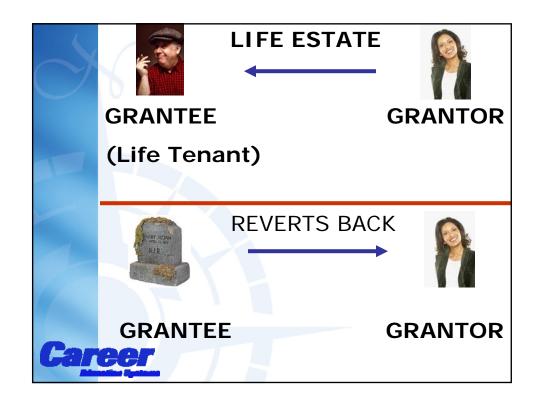




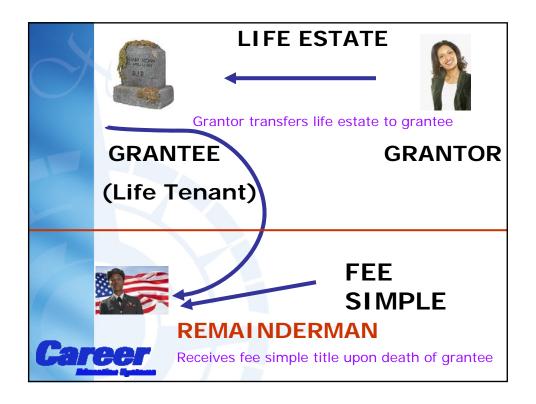




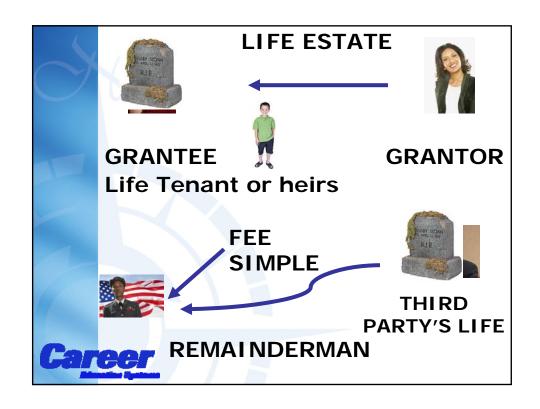




2. ESTATE IN REMAINDER Goes to third party remainderman















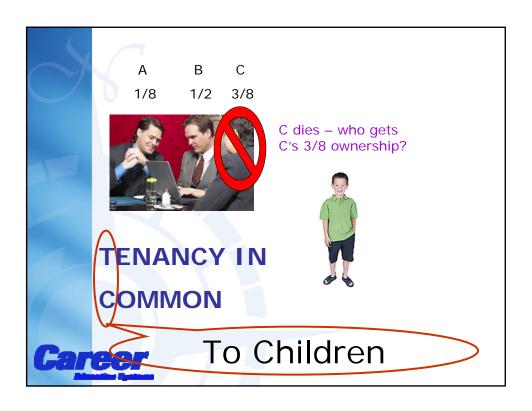
<u>CONCURRENT</u> <u>ESTATES</u>

- 1. Tenancy in Common
- 2. Joint Tenancy
- 3. Tenancy by the Entireties
 - 4. Community Property

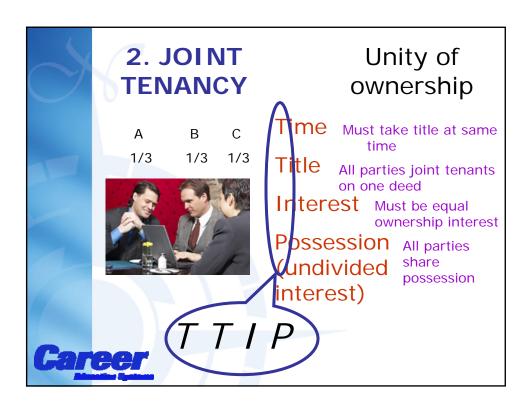




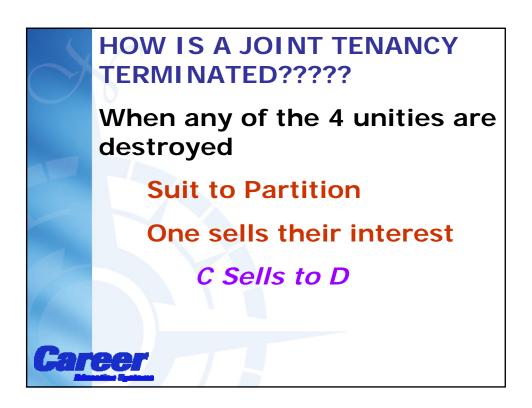


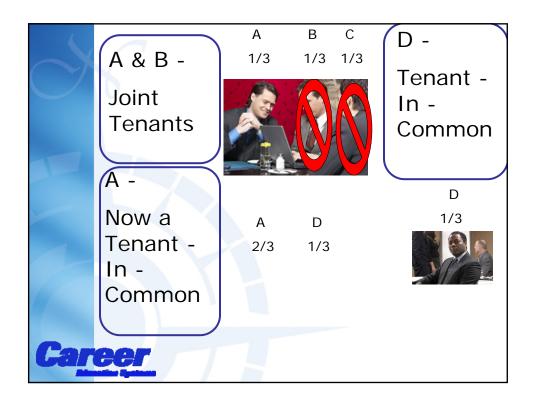














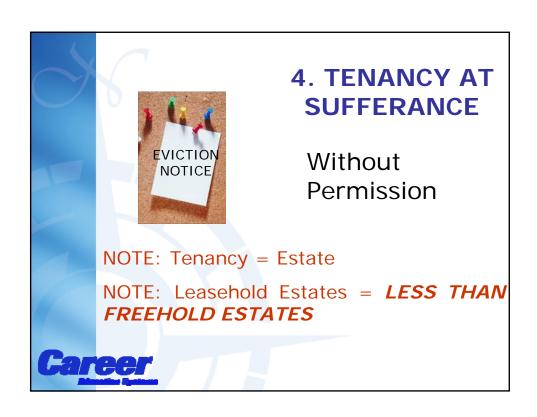




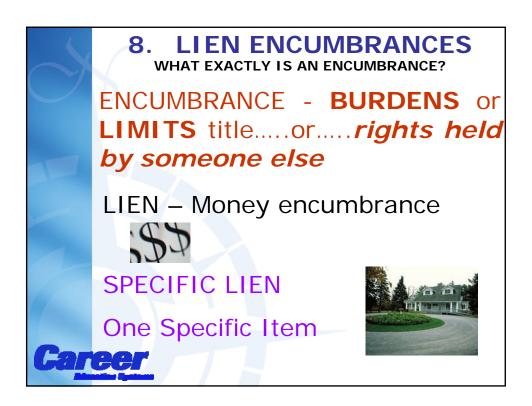


















MECHANIC'S LIEN

Effective Date - Date work first started

October 1st - started work

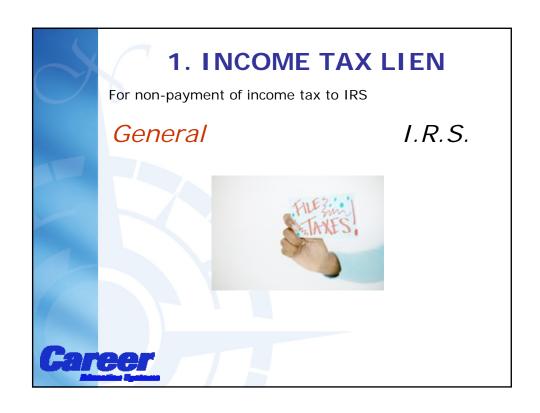
November 1st - sent bill

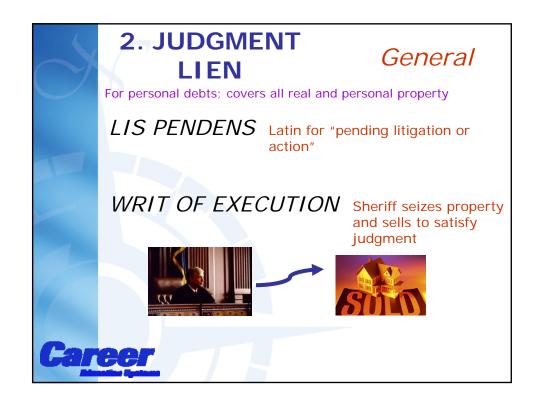
December 1st - filed mechanic's lien

Effective date - October 1st









9. RESTRICTION ENCUMBRANCES

WHAT EXACTLY IS A DEED RESTRICTION?

RESTRICTIONS - Use Encumbrance

Restrictive COVENANTS

Placed by **GRANTOR - binds future**owners

Examples:

Types of fences, roofs, vehicles, etc.



Who can ENFORCE?





Who can bring action?

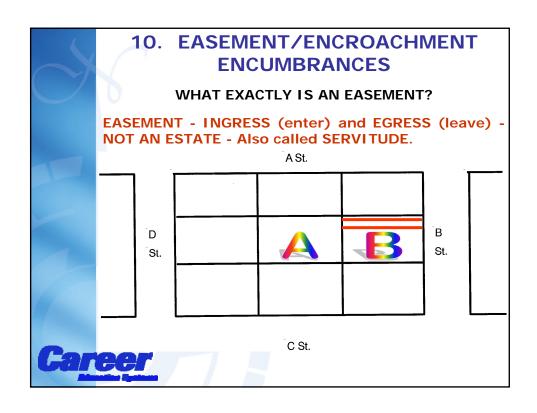
Interested party; e.g., neighbor or homes association

Which would NOT be enforceable?

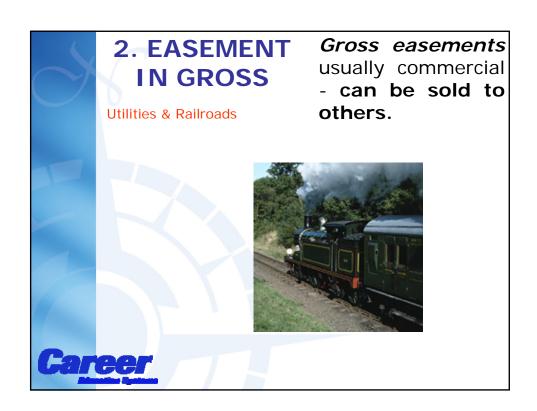
Racial, ethnic, religious, etc.

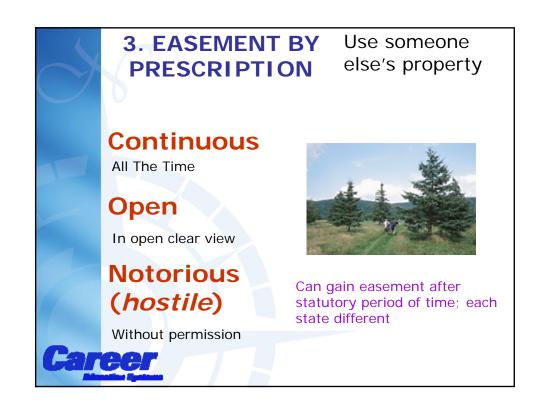
How can one find out what restrictions are? Matter of public record

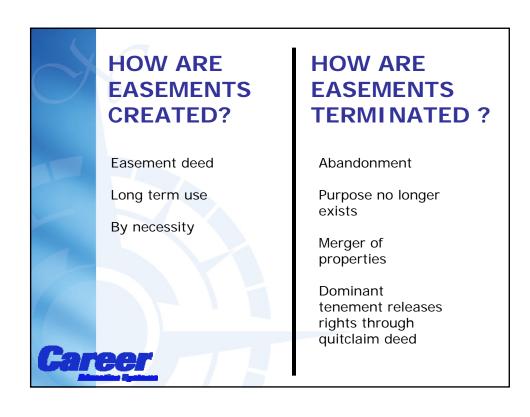








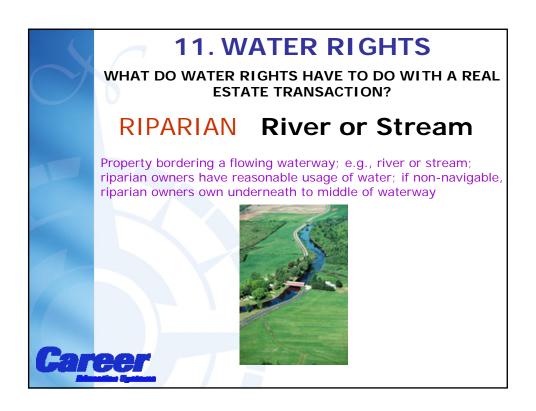


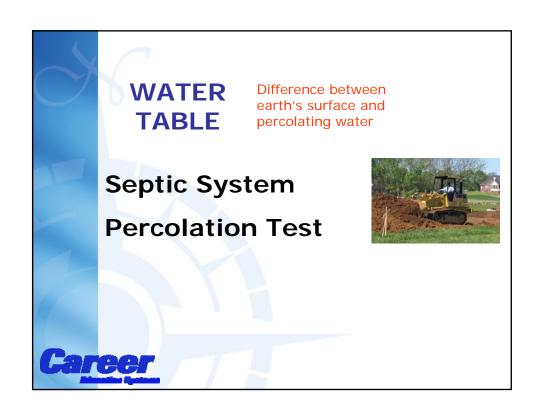














WHAT ARE DIFFERENT WAYS OF MULTIPLE OWNERSHIP?

COOPERATIVE



Coop owns - SEVERALTY

Members own STOCK

Stockholders - Proprietary Lease - Leasehold Estate

Rental payments to Coop

Coop pays mortgage and taxes

All could lose if foreclosed on

2. CONDOMINIUM



Fee simple

Pay own mortgage and taxes

COMMON AREAS - Owned as Tenants-In-Common

Pay home's association dues

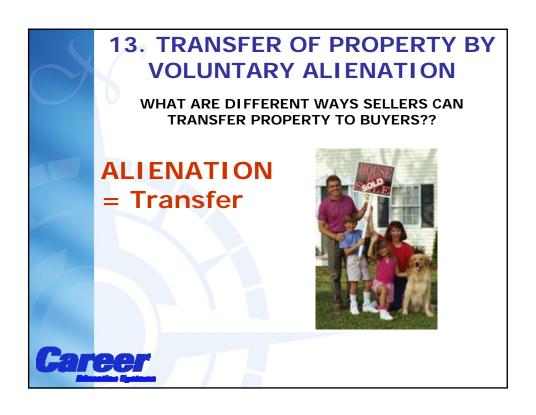
MASTER DEED or DECLARATION

Bylaws and charter

Career















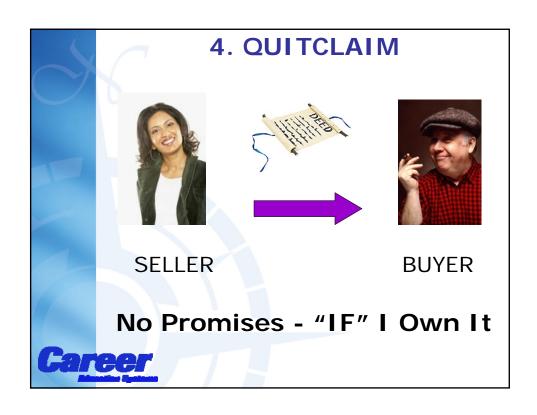






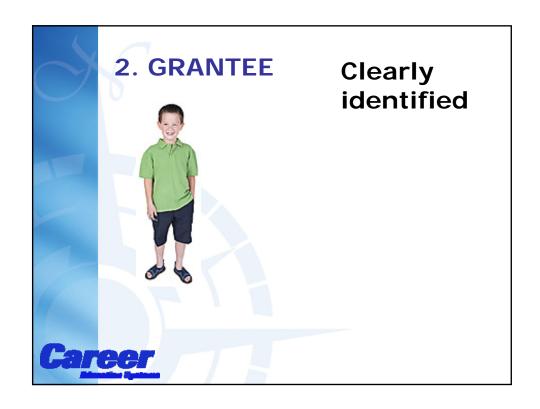




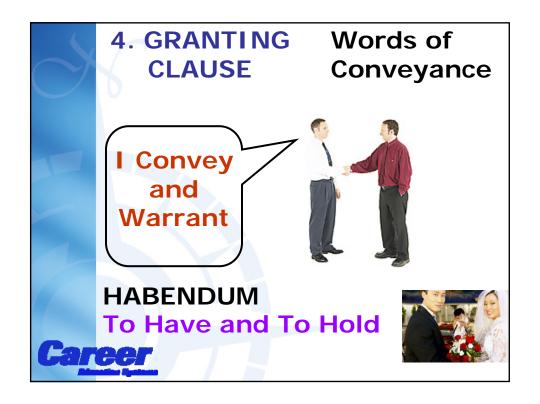


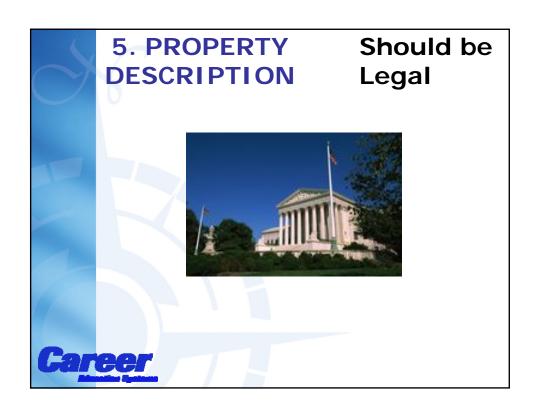








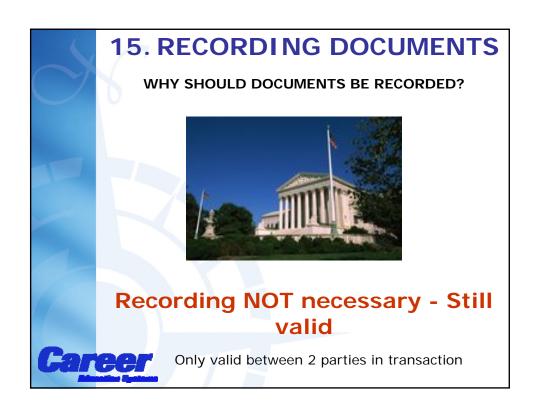




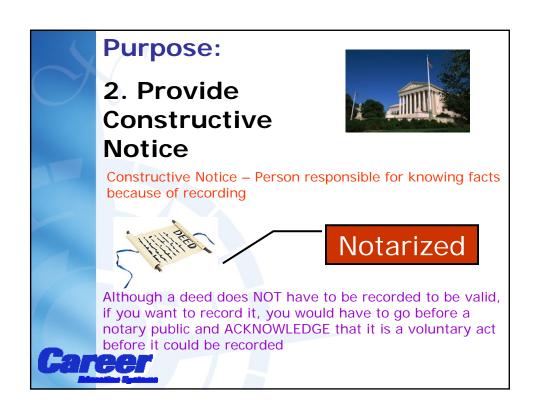






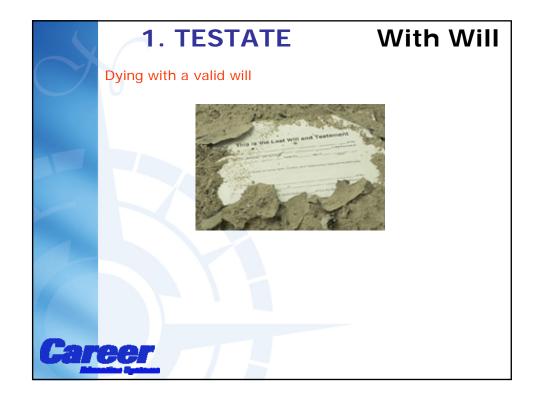












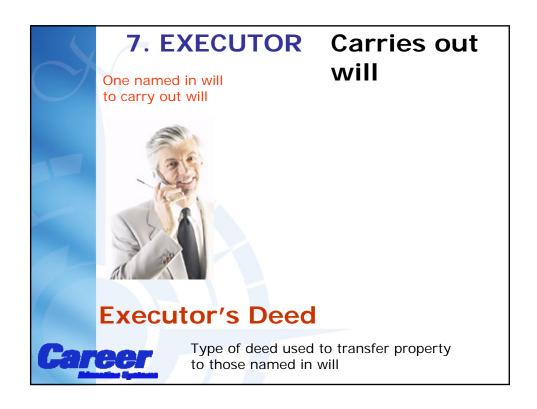


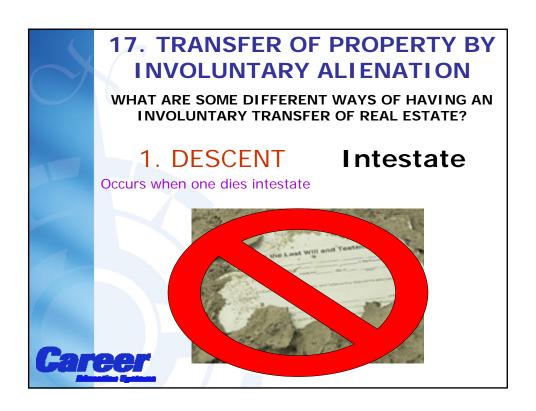




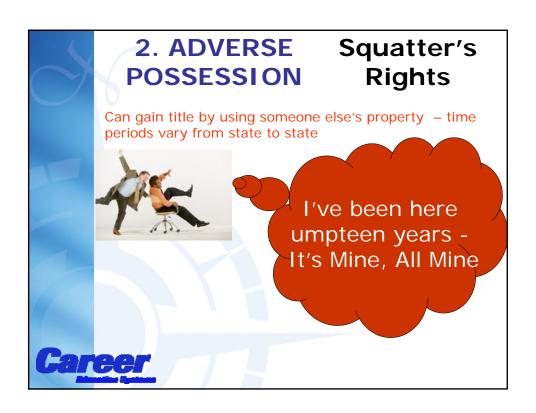


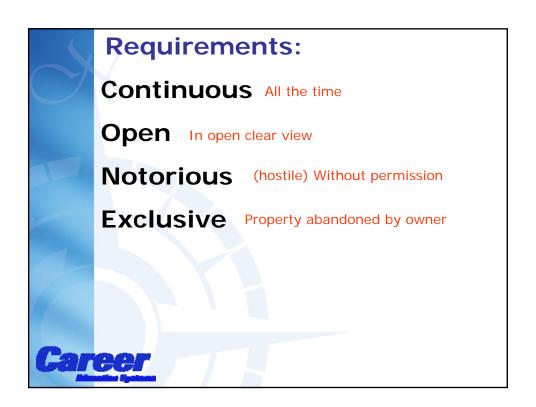














Tax Deed



Sheriff's Deed

Tax Deed - Transfers property to buyer at foreclosure sale for non-payment of taxes

Sheriff's Deed – Transfers property to buyer at foreclosure sale; e.g., for non-payment of mortgage



4. TRANSFER BY WATER OR WIND

Erosion - gradual wearing away of soil

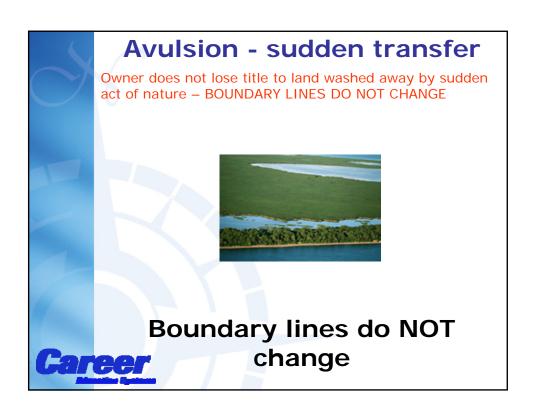
Owner loses title to land eroded away

Accretion - gradual build up of soil

Person gains title to added land built up on property









18. SELLER'S PROOF OF OWNERSHIP

HOW DOES ONE PROVE OWNERSHIP OF REAL ESTATE?

1. ABSTRACT

History



Career

An abstract will NOT guarantee clear title

2. TITLE INSURANCE

Coverage:

Standard Policy Covers forged documents,

undisclosed heirs, etc.

Extended Policy

May cover other things, such as unrecorded liens, etc.

What is contained in policy?

Schedule of exceptions (things not covered, such as zoning restrictions)

Premium Paid one time at closing

Who is insured?

Owner's Policy Covers buyer

Covers lender





19. TAXES AND **ASSESSMENTS**

WHAT ARE THE DIFFERENT TYPES OF REAL ESTATE TAXES?

1. GENERAL

Land + ASSESSMENT Improvements

Tax on land plus improvements; pays for school, police and fire protection, etc.





Ad Valorem - VALUE

How do they decide how much tax one owes?????

City adopts budget

Properties of class same assessed at same rate based on market value (estimated by Tax Assessor)

> 32% Commercial

> Residential 19%

Agricultural 12%



Market Value \$100,000

Assessment Rate x 30%

Assessed Value = 30,000

Tax rate determined by dividing total needed by total assessed values

Total Needed \$500,000

÷10,000,000 Total Assessments

Tax Rate 5%



NOTE: Total assessments referred to as "TAX BASE"

Tax rate can be expressed in MILLS

1 mill = 1/10 of a cent or 1/1000 of a dollar

\$50 per \$1,000 same as \$5 per \$100

Tax rate of 50 mills = .05 or 5%

Career

Tax for each property determined by multiplying the assessed value times the tax rate

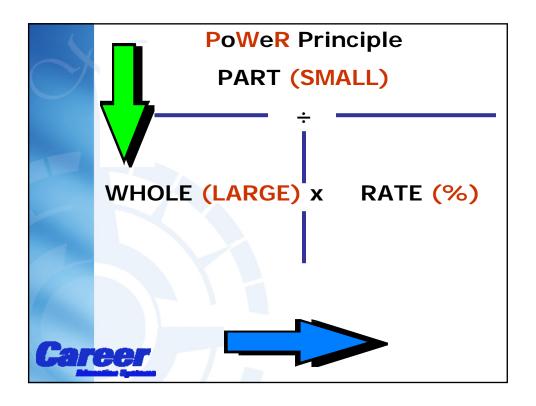
Assessed Value \$30,000

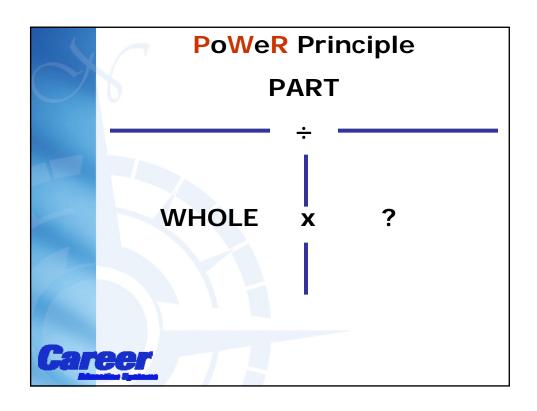
Tax Rate x 5%

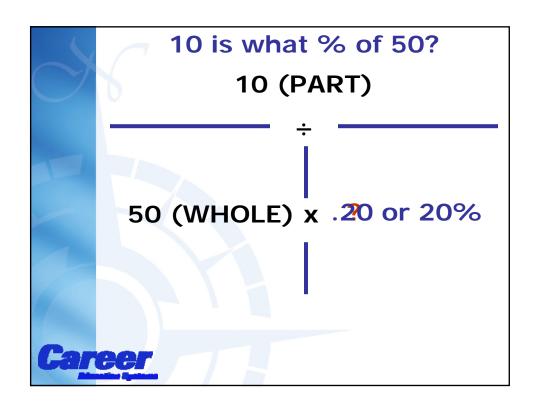
Tax Owed = 1,500

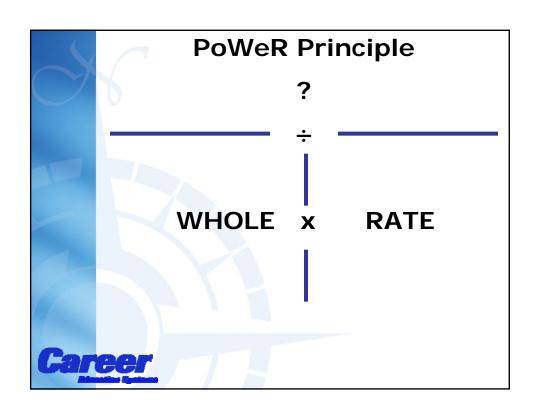
Career

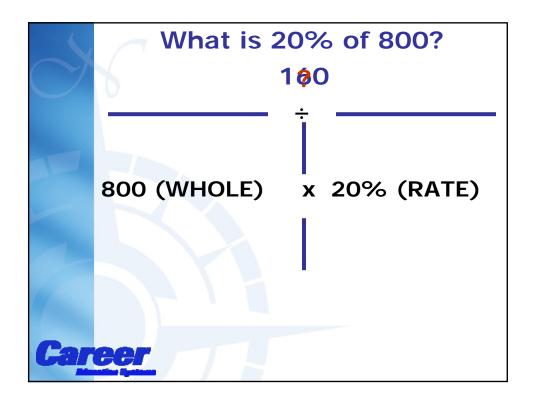
2. SPECIAL ASSESSMENT Real Estate Tax for Improvements e.g., sewers & sidewalks

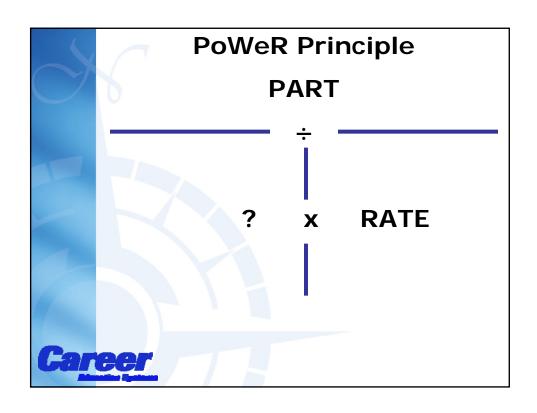


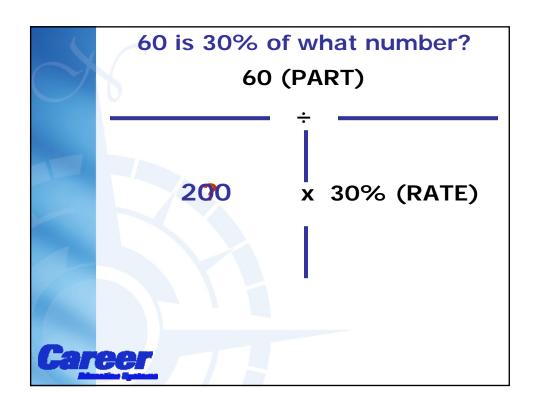


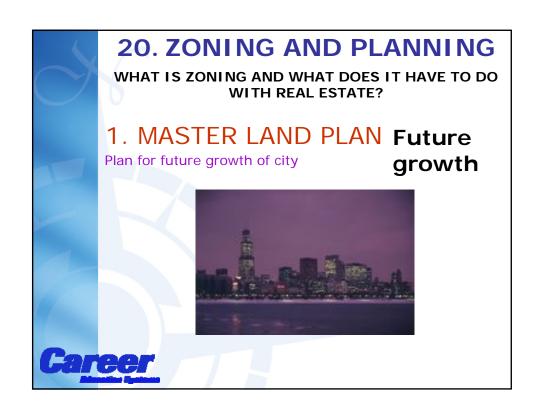














3. ZONING What are types of zoning? Residential Commercial Agricultural 4. PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT (PUD) Different uses - one area Diverse uses of land in one area; requires special zoning (referred to as overlay, cluster or density zoning)

